UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER.

The Amalgamated Association Declare the Homestead Strike Off.

THE GREAT STRUGGLE COST MILLIONS.

Five Months of Labor War Ends Without Profit to the Men-Many Will Not Get Their Places Back.

PITTSBURG, PA., Nov. 21.-The great Homestead strike was officially declared off yesterday afternoon by the leaders of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers directly inter-

This action was taken at a meeting of the lodges of the Amalgamated Assoclation at Homestead yesterday afternoon, the vote standing 101 in favor of declaring the strike off and 91 against it. Among those present at the meeting were Vice-President Carney, Secretary Killyallon, Treasurer Madden and David Lynch, of the advisory board. The offi-cials addressed the members, and in plain told them the strike was lost and advised them to take steps to better their

The remarks met with considerable opposition, but when the vote was taken it showed a majority of ten in favor of laring the strike off, hose who were in favor of calling the

strike off were jubilant, while those who against it were badly put out. Most of the latter were men who were obstiand many of them had either applied for positions in the mill and had en turned down or felt sure that their names were on the company's black list and could not get positions. A member of the gdylsory board said that he had been trying to get the strike declared off for some weeks, as he knew it was lost, it would have been better for the n, as a great many of them could have their places back. Those who cannot got back are in a bad fix, as the relief funds will be stopped and many hundreds of them have nothing to live on. The people in Homestead, especially the busi-ness men, are highly elated over the dearation to call the strike off, for if had continued much longer it would have ruined the town. Many business houses have fallen into the hands of e sheriff since the strike has been on. Business is expected to resume its nor-

Assistant superintendent Woods, of the Carnegle Steel Company, says about nine hundred of the old men will be taken

The official action was precipitated by the application of a majority of the old workers for reinstatement on Saturday.

This practically ended the strike.

The pecuntary loss to the State, Allegheny county, Carnegle Steel Company and the workingmen is estimated at between \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000, which tween \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000, which amount is considered by those in a position to know a very conservative esti-

The lockout went into effect June 20. 1892, owing to the inability of the officials of the Carnegle Company and the officials of the Amalgamated Association to arrive at an amicable basis for the new scale of wages due to go into effect on July 1st. At that time there were employed in the Homestead Mills nearly 4,000 men. Of this army of workmen the Carnegle of-ficials averred that the wages of only 182 men would be adversely effected by new scale of wages proposed by the ... The workmen declared that it was not so much the reduction of the wages of these few men as it was the principles of the Amalgamated Association that were at stake. At that time the Carne-gle Company was employing union men in all of its big iron and steel plants, with the exception of the Edgar Thompson plant, at Braddock.

Chairman Frick, after numerous consultations with the representatives of the Amalgamated Association, found that a wage battle was inevitable, and with this conviction in mind he gave his ultimatum, which immediately brought

The building of fences, laying of steam pipes about the Homestead front, the stringing of electric barb wires around the plant, and the general preparations for trouble so enraged the men that when July 6th the two barges loaded with akerton detectives attempted to make which the loss of a score or more of lives, the maining of as many more men, the burning of the barges and the calling out of the National Guard of Pennsylvania are now matters of history.

For the first time since the civil war the complete guard of Pennsylvania, numbering more than eight thousand men, hearly all of whom responded, was called out. The order was issued by the Governor on Sunday evening, July 10th, and by 9 o'clock the next morning the trops were on their way to Homestead. The militia guarded the works until the middle of October. Since then the cost to the State for this protection has been odicially estimated at \$65,000.

The town was completely under the

officially estimated at \$625,000.

The town was completely under the control of the militia, but with the exception of a few cases of disorderly conduct, no further trouble developed. The works of the company are now under the care of several hundred sheriff's deputies. A number of the non-unionists put into the works by the Carnegle Company during the time of the militia protection were stracked on Sunday, the 13th, by some of the strikers, and it again looked as of the militia would have to be summoned. In anticipation of such orders the Fourteenth regiment was put under marching orders, which order was not recalled uncordered.

orders, which order was not recalled un The costs put upon Allegheny county by the strike is fixed at \$200,000, the bulk of which will be needed to pay for the sheriff's deputies and the prosecution of

he strikers, now under way. The loss to the Carnegie Steel Company is variously estimated at from \$1,000,000 to \$2,500,000. This sum covers the direct loss sustained by incapacitating the loss sustained by incapacitating the Homestead plant and cancelling of the Government contracts for armor plate which, it is believed, has been done, althe Carnegie officials decline to

Rive the facts. The losses by the strikes, through sympathy of the men employed at the lower and upper Union mills, the Beaver Falls and the Duquesue mill will easily swell the total loss to the company to \$3,000,000.

The loss to the old employes has averaged \$125,000 per month, making the total for five months \$625,000. This loss is exclusive of the wages affected by the trou-ble at the other Carnegie plants. The strike at the Beaver Falls mill was not declared off until Saturday and the losses to the non-employed at those works were severe. The merchants of that city were, in a number of instances, financially embarrassed by the shuting down of the unit. At least four assignment were at mill. At least four assignments were attributed to that cause. A similar state of affairs is reported from Homestead, but the arrival of the non-union men checked the downward drift of the mercantile interests of that place.

At least thirty-five deaths were directly or indirectly caused by the strike, Be-sides those killed in the battle of July 6th many soldiers contracted fever which resulted fatally, one soldier was shot cidently by a comrade, another was killed by the cars, one striker committed suicide, one was drowned, one killed by the cars, several non-union men died from fever and several were killed in the mill and one was murdered by another nonunionist. The attempted assassination of Chairman Frick, of the Carnegie com- indicted.

pany, is also indirectly credited to the strike.

It was generally expected that the Lawrenceville strikers would eventually termi-nate their contest to-day, but at their meeting it was agreed to reconvene Wednesday and settle the question of staying out or returning to work.

THE KNIGHTS EXPRESS REGRET At the Unconditional Surrender of Their Homestead Brethren.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 21.-The Homestead strike settlement was the great subject of discussion at this morning's session of discussion at this morning's session of the Knights of Labor. The feeling of regret at the defeat of the Amalgamated Association was deep and outspoken. A very general idea prevaits among the delegates that the iron men will have to adopt some form of secret organization.

A lively dispute took place over a proposition to strike out of the order's platform the demand for a graduated income tax, some of the delegates favoring an inheritance tax.

So far as can be outlined there will be

far as can be outlined there will be so far as can be outlined there will be a further report of the committee on corporations; the committee on the state of the order will report, and there is likely to be a long discussion over the suggestion to sell the general headquarters at Philadelphia; the question of the formation of an employes' guarantee. formation of an employes' guarantee company, to furnish money to injured workmen to carry on suits for damages against employers, will cause a lively de-bate; the committee on legislation will furnish a few suggestions to Congress as to what the knights want in the way of national laws; also reports from several special committees heard, notably on the

special committees heard, notably on the advisability of sending delegates to the World's Fair Labor Congress, and on quertons submitted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Terrence V. Powderly, general master workman, says: "The Homestead troubles were as much the result of obstinger and a desire to rule without quest. nacy and a desire to rule without ques-tion as anything else. Mr. Frick is overtion as anything else. Mr. Frick is over-bearing and tyrannical. Mr. Carnegie is in Europe, studying the conditions of labor, and reports his findings to Mr. Frick, with instructions, no doubt, to go as far toward establishing similar rela-tions in this country. I regret that the Amalgamated Association does not con-stitute a branch of the Knights of Labor.

Our relations, however, are friendly."
"What do you think of the labor situation in the country to-day?"
"It never was better. The recent election proved that. Both Harrison and Cleveland were as good, but no better than in 1888. But the impression that Carnegie-and I speak of him as representing a class-was the real opponent of Cleveland caused hundreds of thou-

sands who never before gave a thought to such a question to change their votes. That act demonstrated that they are thinking. They will continue to think, and in 1896 will have found the Democratic party no better than the Repub-lican party, and will then turn to the People's party-the only friend that of-fers relief. It now makes a Democrat mad to call him a free trader. The party stole into power under false pretenses and the people will oust them out in 1896. "The statement made before the elec-tion that I was a protectionist was a lie out of the whole cioth," added Mr. Pow-

derly, by way of reflection.
"Do the Knights of Labor co-operate with the Federation and other labor or-

Knights of Labor co-operate with the trades unions and all other legitimate labor societies wherever and whenever the interests of labor can be improved, but we do not co-operate with or recognize the fake, which affords an outlet for the personal spite of expelled knights, known as the American Federation of Labor. If that institution did not have the Knights of Labor to throw mud at the vocal spice of some or the company of the company into a state of company in the state o it would relapse into a state of coma, or, as Brother Cleveland puts it, 'innocuous desuetude.'"

"What is the principal legislation the Knights of Labor desire from the Na-tional Congress?"
"Restriction of immigration, restriction

of railroad and telegraph lines, under the right of eminent domain, to the care of the people, the taxing of all lands to their full value for use, and such other matters as the General Assembly may di-

FINDING PLACES FOR THE MEN. The Carnegie Offices Thronged With Hungry Workmen at Homestead.

HOMESTEAD, PA., Nov. 21.-From an early hour this morning the Carnegie offices have been thronged with Amal-

offices have been thronged with Amalgamated men seeking reinstatement. General Suprintendent Schwab is directing the examination of the men as their applications are handed in.

Although the names of many of the applicants appear thou the company's black list, Superintendent Schwab is inclined to be lenient, and is giving employment to as many as is possible. The force of deputy sheriffs was to-day decreased to fifteen men, and all will soon be removed. soon be removed.

HUGH O'DONNELL DISPLEASED. He Regrets that the Labor Struggle Should

Have Terminated as it Did.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 21 .- In a communication received from the ex-leader of the Homestead strikers, Hugh O'Donnell, now in the county jail awaiting trial on the charge of murder, Mr. O'Donnell

"I can say but little concerning the action of the men at Homestead in declaring the strike off, owing to the fact that certain of my acts in the memorable struggle are sub judice.

"I am not in a position to criticise the acts of my late associates. Great battles are rarely fought as planned. The world has never witnessed before so much suffering and sacrifice for a cause. The 3,000 laborers and mechanics who came out with our men on pure principle alone is unprecedented in the history of labor struggles. But to the men in the Lawrenceville (Union Mills) and Beaver Falls Mills too much praise cannot be given. Their loyalty and steadfastness to the principles for which they were contending should never be forgotten. Out of con-sideration for them I regret that the Homestead struggle should have terminated in the manner in which it did.'

TO MAKE THE WELKIN RING. Charleston Arranging to Give a Monster Parade and Jubilee.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 21 .- The arrangements are nearly perfect for the grand demonstration Wednesday night in honor of Mr. Cleveland's election. Committees have been hard at work for the past ten days in devising ways and means for the celebration. All organizameans for the celebration. All organiza-tions in the city, civic, military and re-ligious, are expected to take part in the celebration. Captain F. W. Wagener, of the German artillery, will be in command of the grand parade, and will be assisted by an army of special marshals.

The event is expected to surpass any

celebration of the kind given in the South. Citizens are contributing liberally in money and work, and Charleston is expected to beat the record. Bankers, cotton factors, merchants, manufac-turers, commercial exchanges, preachers, physicians, public and private schools, lawyers and ladies are expected to share in the glories of the occasion.

To Indict Election Betters.

LANCASTER, PA., Nov. 21 .- Judge Mc-Mullen, in his charge to the grand jury to-day, instructed it to present for indictment all such persons known to them who made wagers on the election. The charge caused quite a sensation, and many betters are alarmed. They fear that they may be

RICHMOND. VA., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1892.

IMPORTANT DECISION JUSTIFYING FEDERAL INTERFERENCE.

The United States Supreme Court Affirms the Decree of the Lower Court in the Cook Habeas Corpus Case.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21 .- The United States Supreme Court to-day in the case of Charles E. Cook, an appellant from a decision of the United States Court for the Eastern district of Wisconsin, rendered an interesting decision as to the power of United States courts to Interfere in State offenses.

Cook was charged with a violation of the statute of Wisconsin by receiving & deposit, knowing his bank was insolvent. When the deposit was received by the cashler of Cook's bank, Cook was in the State of Wisconsin, but took the train for Chicago before the deposit was actually entered up. He was arrested in Chicago on a re-

quisition issued by the Governor of Wis-consin and a writ of habeas corpus was sued out in the State court, but the court discharged the writ and delivered the prisoner to the agent of the State of Wisconsin to be taken back for trial. Pending his trial he made application to the Circuit Court of the United States

claiming that he was not a fugitive from justice within the meaning of the Con-stitution and laws of the United States. United States Court dismissed this writ, and an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court from the decision.

Mr. Justice Brown affirmed the position previously held by the Supreme Court, that where a person is in custody under process from a State court of original jurisdiction for an alleged offense against the laws of the State, and it is claimed that he is restrained of liberty in violation of the Constitution of the United States, the Circuit Court of the United States has a discretion whether or not it will dis-charge him in advance of his trial, and may, as it choose, require him to sue out his writ of error before the highest court

of the State. Therefore, the decree of the United States Circuit Court in refusing to discharge the defendant under a writ of habeas corpus was affirmed.

MRS. YORKE CHARGES FRAUD. She Says She Was Not Given a Chance to

Appear in the Suit for Divorce. FARGO, N. D., Nov. 21.-Judge Mc-Connell has heard arguments on the motion to set aside the divorce granted

tion to set aside the divorce granted October 15, 1891, in the case of Yorke against Yorke, on the ground of fraud, because due legal notice had not been given to the defendant, Mrs. Yorke, so that she was unable to appear and defend the suit.

A divorce was granted on the petition of the husband, who was formerly paymaster of the United States navy, charging his wife with desertion and infidelity. The first thing Mrs. Yorke knew about the divorce being granted was through a telegram. Mr. Yorke married about a week after the divorce was granted, and Mrs. Yorke at once took steps to have divorce set aside. The judge granted the petition to set aside the divorce.

The woman whom Mr. Yorke married after the divorce, and who is now declared to be his legal wife, is Countess de Zichlinski. She is wealthy, and they have been living near Bismarck, N. D.

THE STORM'S HAVOC.

Later News Shows the Loss to Have Been Greater than at First Reported.

SEATTLE, WASH., Nov. 21.-Reports received from the districts visited by the recent storm show a far greater loss than was at first anticipated. At Sedro several deaths are reported. Fatailties are also reported in the valleys from the floods. Skagil river is so full of logs and drift that navigation is suspended. Nearly a million feet of logs came down yes-terday, tearing out the pier of the Wedon

bridge, at Mount Vernon.

Telegraph lines are prostrated, and railroad washouts are reported from many sections. The log jam at the Snohomish railway bridge has grown to half a mile in bount, and the bridge has half a mile in length, and the bridge be-gins to show signs of weakness. Should it give way the people in the bottom lands will perish.

Harrison's Civil Service Views.

Harrison's Civil Service Views.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The President is considering the advisability of extending the provisions of the civil service law so as to put within the classified service many people not now within its protecting scope. It is said that the President was only I revented from such extension before the election by the sad circumstances with which he was surrounded for the previous six months. Strange to say among many Democrats the proposition meets with favor, because they feel that the people want a change in the offices, and have said so, and if the civil service is extended now after the verdict of election a sentiment will be created that will wipe the whole law from the statute books. whole law from the statute books.

Good Showing of the B. & O.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 21.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Balti-more and Ohio railroad was held to-day. President Mayer presented the 66th annual report, which was regarded as presenting a very gratifying exhibit of the work for the fiscal year. The election of directors resulted in the re-election of the same board, by a vote of 125,359 shares. The report of the directors shows that for the nine months ending June 30th last, the total earnings of the road were \$18,927,-574.35; the total expenses were \$13,896,577.66, and the net earnings, \$5,060,996.69.

Difference Between Theory and Practice. GUTHRIE, O. T., Nov. 22 - Christian scientists have been holding meetings near Hennesy for some time. Recently one of the leaders told those present that if they had faith they could pick up a rattlesnake and not be bitten. The next day a convert saw a rattlesnake, and thinking to test the matter, picked it up is bitten. He refused to have medical attention, and died, despite the many prayers of his fellow-believers in faith.

James A. Simmons Pardoned.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.-The President has granted a pardon to James A. Sim-mons, of New York, sentenced June 26, 1891, to six years' imprisonment in penitentiary for assisting the president of the Sixth National Bank of New York in misappropriating funds from that bank.

Regains His Reason.

NORRISTOWN, PA., Nov. 21.—William Lock, who, while insane, cut the throat of his infant son, at Harmanville, over a month ago, and bathed his face in its blood, is now declared to have regained his reason, and efforts are being made to have him released from the insane asylum.

Guarding Chinatown.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The Herald's San Francisco special says: Policemen were guarding Chinatown last night to keep the high-binders societies from in-dulging in one of their periodical battles. Two lives must be sacrificed to atone for the murders of last Friday and Saturday.

Socialist Officers Chosen.

BERLIN, Nov. 21 .- In the Socialist Con-

ference to-day Herr Bebel and Herr Singer were elected presidents, Herr Auer and Herr Fischer secretaries and Herr Gerisch

IMMUNITY OF STATES. NORFOLK CONFERENCE.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BODY DUR-ING MONDAY'S SESSION.

Appointment of Deacons and Elders-Preachers' Relief Society in Excellent Condition-Board of Finance.

NORFOLK, VA., Nov. 21.-Special.-The conference convened at 9:30. Dr. George C. Vanderslice conducted divine services,

The Bishop announced the names of those who had been ordained deacons and elders Sunday. W. W. Vicar, secretary of the preachers' relief society, reported that the or-

ganization was in excellent condition. It had a slow but steady growth. Its total assets were \$22,691.25. Its appropriations aggregated at this time \$8,325. The soclety would realize about \$2,500 from the bequest of the late Jerome B. Capps. following directors, nominated by the board, were elected by the conference: C. V. Winfree, J. C. Martin, E. M. Ed-wards, J. C. Watson, E. V. White, J. E. Schoolfield, W. J. Kilby, W. W. Vicar and S. Q. Collins. Rev. A. G. Brown, from the joint board

of finance, proposed a question of law for the decision of the Bishop concerning the matter of complaint against the ad-ministration of the board, preferred in an "open letter" published by Rev. H.
C. Cheatham. The Bishop said that the
matter had not come up in the business
of the conference, and that he could not
decide the merits of a newspaper con-

The examination of character was resumed and completed. During this call the names of W. E. Evans and E. S. Guan came up, and their parchments were surrendered, both of them having gone to the Episcopal Church during the year. During this call, also, the names of E. M. Jordan and S. S. Lambeth were referred to the committee on Conference relations. Both of these ministers apply for superannuated relation.

for superannuated relation.

Dr. R. N. Sledd, president of the Board of Missions, reported that the amount collected for domestic missions the past year was \$11,048.18, an excess of \$253.94 over last year, so the beneficiaries of the board would be paid in full. The amount collected for foreign missions was \$19,-261.49, an increase of \$983.54 over last year.

F. Sherrill was transferred to the North Carolina Conference. Dr. Tillett addressed the body on the

subject of ministerial education.

By direction of the Board of Church
Extension, Rev. George W. Wray nominated Dr. J. W. Bledsoe as general agent
of the board, and requested his appoint-

The report of Rosebuds for the past year is most gratifying. Balance, \$3,395.78, collections through the year, \$4.762.37. Total amount on hand, \$8,159.15. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the work and expressing admiration for "Uncle Larry's" labors and sympathy with him in his suffering.

in his suffering.

The superintendent of colportage reported that eight colporters had been in the field the past year. Rev. George Booker, from the board of colportage. reported that the superintendent had done the best he could do under the circumstances, but it was a fact that the work done by the colportage board was not what was hoped for by its institution.

The joint board of finance reported in

detail their appropriations for the past year. The appropriations aggregate \$10,-309. A motion to increase the allowance to "Uncle Larry" from \$150 to \$300, was Upon nomination of Rev. H. M. Hope Danville was selected as the next place

of meeting. The name of J. R. Sturgis was referred The name of J. R. Sturgis was referred to the committee on conference relations. The committee on public worship announced that Rev. W. C. Vaden would preach the opening sermon at the next conference; John L. Clark, alternate. John M. Burton was appointed to preach the ordination sermon, with Richard Ferguson as alternate. L. B. Betty was appointed to preach at a Thanksgiving service at Ouega-street church next vice at Queen-street church next

Thursday. At the bishop's council this afternoon many of the appointments were decided. Dr. W. E. Edwards will go to Danville. Rev. J. H. Amis will be the presiding bishop's council this afternoon

elder of the Norfolk district. The recent losses in Norfolk by certain insurance companies has led to an advance of fifty per cent. on all mercantile insurance in the city, and several companies have signified their intention of withdrawing from Norfolk altogether. The reason given for the advance is that the fire department is inefficient; that many of the water mains are too small, and that sufficient pressure is not put on the machinery at the water works to send to the city the requisite water supply for fire purposes.

new schedule of rates goes into effect to-morrow morning. The three-masted schooner R. E. Thayer, Captain S. H. Ward, bound from Rockport, Maine, to Charleston, S. C., with a cargo of lime and with a crew of six men, went ashore about half a mile south of the life-saving station at Oregon inlet, N. C., Saturday night. The captain and crew were all saved. The schooner sprang aleak and caught fire yesterday.

She will be a total loss. Captain Nathaniel H. Henry died tonight in this city, after a lingering illness of six months. He was a Confederate veteran, having served in the Confederate navy as engineer. He was sixty-eight years of age, and highly esteemed for his many good qualities.

THE MAYOR SERENADED.

Captain Archer, of Lee Camp, Returns Thanks for the Fine Reception.

WILLIAMSBURG, VA., Nov. 21 .- Spe cial.-Your correspondent in his report of the visit of Lee Camp, of Richmond, to our town on Saturday last ought to have included in his account the fact that just before leaving the rendezvous in Main street the drum corps stationed themselves in front of the residence of Dr. L. Henly, mayor of the city, and gave him a screnade. The Mayor came out and acknowledged the compliment. When the two camps arrived at the depot they were brought in line facing each other. Captain Archer taking his place midway between the two lines, delivered a speech, in which he thanked our people for their courtesy and generous hospitality, after which the two lines by command of Major Brander advanced and shook hands before parting.

News arrived here this morning of the death of Mr. Talbot Sweeney, of Newport News. He was here only a few days ago, and was looking remarkably well and his death was very unexpected. The deceased was a lawyer by profession and was educated at William and Mary College. For a number of years prior to the war he was the collecting attorney for the Eastern Lunatic Asylum. By birth he was connected with some of the best families of Virginia, his mother being the daughter of General Mark Talbot, of Norfolk city. His remains will arrive here this evening from Newport News and will be placed in Bruton church, from which the funeral will take place to-morrow. Mr. W. O. Blain, grand lecturer of the

Virginia Good Templars, was expected to lecture yesterday, but owing to circum-stances he did not do so. He was in the city to-day, but left for High House lodge, in Warwick county, where he will lecture to-morrow night.

Colonel B. L. Ewell, adjuant-general on | mony,

General Joseph E. Johnston's staff in General Joseph E. Johnston's stant in the late war, has presented to Magruder-Ewell Camp a Union battle-flag captured from Yankee cavairy at Spring Hill in May, 1863. The flag is of fine material, and is in an excellent state of preserva-tion, and is now in charge of Comrade Burke, of Magruder-Ewell Camp.

DEATH OF W. S. PHILLIPS,

Who Was Connected With the Business Interests of Petersburg.

PETERSBURG, VA., Nov. 22.-Special. Mr. Walter S. Phillips died at the Albemarle Hotel last night at 10:30 o'clock, after a very brief illness of heart trouble. He was on the streets last Thursday. He was a native of Prince George county, and was a native of Prince George county, and was about forty-five years of age. He married Miss Mollie Walsh, a daughter of Dr. Walsh, of Philadelphia. The deceased was a son of Mr. J. T. Phillips, at one time a merchant of Petersburg, but now a broker of New York city. Mr. Phillips was himself in business at one time in New York, from which place he came to Petersburg about seven years ago and engaged in the peanut trade on Boilingbrook street, the style of the firm being W. S. Phillips & Co. Some three of four W. S. Phillips & Co. Some three of four years ago he became associated with the Morris-Levy Peanut Company, of which company he was at the time of his death vice-president and general manager. The deceased was a member of St. Cecilla Lodge of Masons, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and also a member of the Royal Arch Chapter of Masons of Petersburg. He was also a member of Petersburg Lodge of Elks. It is understood that he carried life insurance policies in Western and New York companies, but for what amount was not learned. The remagns will be taken to Philadelphia for inter-

The steam yacht Lynn with a party of ladies and gentlemen from Port Amboy, N. J., arrived here yesterday from Rich-

Rev. H. W. Battle, pastor of the First Baptist church, preached a special ser-mon yesterday morning before the several councils of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics of this city, His text was "Think on These Things.

Rev. Dr. Battle began a protracted meeting at his church last night, which will be continued during the current

A WELL-KNOWN LADY DIES.

She Was Kind to the Poor and Popular With All-Beautiful Floral Tributes. SCOTTSVILLE, Nov. 21 .- Special -- The

death of Mrs. Dorner, the wife of one of our best and wealthiest citizens oc-curred about 11 o'clock Friday night. She had been an intense, though patient, sufferer for about six menths. Her loss will be sadly felt, for she was beloved by all; especially by the poor, whom she was ever ready to aid, and her popularity was well shown by the many and beautiful floral tributes that were placed upon her grave. She was a devout Roman Catholic, and was buried Sunday with the impressive ceremonics of her Church, as conducted by Father O'Reily, of Rich-

MR. CLEVALAND'S OUTING. It is Believed That He Will Visit New

Berne, N. C. NEW YORK. Nov. 21 .- It is stated tonight and generally believed that the place selected by President-elect Cleveland to spend the brief vacation which he has planned to take is New Berne, N. C. The place is an ideal winter home, sitnated in the heart of the Blue Ridge mountains, and sufficiently inacces to daunt the spirits of the most persisitent

slatemaker of office-seeker.

Mr. Cleveland's sole object in leaving
New York is to get much needed rest and New York is to get much needed rest and to avoid the legion of callers who adopt every known expedient to get by his but-ler, Mr. Cleveland will probably leave for North Carolina either Wednesday or

Thursday. Mr. Cleveland received at his residence to-day ex-Secretary of State Thomas F. Bayard, Ex-Mayor Carter Harrison, of Chicago, and Mr. Bardeleben, of Birmingham, Ala. These gentlemen called on Mr. Cleveland at his own invitation, and ham. presumably the visit was of political sig-

nificance. PROFESSOR SMITH'S CHARGES.

He Says the Committeemen Are Blased in Their Prosecution.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 21.—The trial of Professor Smith for alleged heresy was continued to-day. Professor Smith re-sumed his argument on the charges, and claimed that the prosecution failed to answer his objections, which should therefore be sustained. He held that Dr. McKibber and Rev. Mr. Lowe did not entirely agree as to the confessional view of inspiration, and he protested against being judged by their personal views. He did not want to be acquitted through a technicality, nor condemned through an irregularity, and asserted that the committee did him an injustice by not quoting more fully his pamphlet, as many they charge against him are fully ex-

plained in succeeding passages. Dr. Smith read from a record of the historical trial of Lyman Beecher, where the specifications contained both the charges and the doctrine impugned, and offered this as a precedent on which he based his demand for more specific charges. He condemned the action of Rev. Lowe in citing the action and belief of the Roman Catholic Church in support of a view of the Presbyterian doc-

The session to-morrow will be one of the most interesting thus far, as it is probable that a vote will be reached, and it will be the first real test vote of the

A Railroad to be Sold.

TOPEKA, Nov. 21.—In the United States Circuit Court this morning Judge Caldwell, on the application of Jay Gould and Russell Sage, owing 1,915 shares of the Kansas City, Wyandotte and Northwestern railroad, ordered the sale of the road. The sale was ordered to meet the mortgage held by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, full value of the stock, \$3,750,000. Jay Gould is the largest stockhelder, owning 1,890 of the 3,750 shares. About six months ago the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company foreclosed on the property, since which it has been operated Newman Erb, of Kansas City, as receiver.

The End is Not Yet in Venezuela.

VENEZUELA, VIA PANAMA,

VENEZUELA, VIA PANAMA. Nov. 14.—The latest news from Venezuela is to the effect that the people all over the Republic are jubilant and doing a great deal of celebating over the triumph of the Legalista party.

In Los Andres General Castro holds out with his few men. General Vasquez is preparing to march against him.

The government of Guatemala has given official notice of the contract made between the Hamburg line of steamers in the Pacific, in which the company agrees to send at least ten steamers each month from Europe to ports in Guatemala. Guatemala.

Miss Mary Abel Takes the Veil.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 21.-Mirs Mary Abel, daughter of the late A. S. Abel, the founder of the Ealtimore Sun and siser of the present proprietors, took the veil at the chapel of the Academy of Visi-tation in Wilmington, Del., to-day. Miss Abel had served a portion of the term of her noviate at Georgetown, D. C. Her her noviate at Georgetown, P. C. Her religious name is Mary Joseph. Miss Fr.nny Abel, sister of Sister Mary Jo-seph; Messrs. Edwin F. and George W. Abel, her brothers, and Walter and Aru-nah S. Abel, her nephews, and Father Bartlett, of Baltimore, witnessed the core-mony.

ROW IN THE CHAMBER.

DEPUTIES ENRAGED OVER THE PANAMA CANAL PROSECUTIONS.

Wholesale Charges Made and Several Challenges to the Death from Boulangist Members Result.

PARIS. Nov. 21.-In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Jules Delahaye, the Boulargist deputy from Chinon, raised the question of the Panama Canal prosecutions. He denounced the Government in the severest language, stating that the authorities had wholly neglected their duty, and had permitted the gravest and most colossal crimes to go unpunished. He demanded that justice be done speedily, and that the men of influence and wealth accumulated by gigantic frauds be brought to exposure and punishment.

There was a clamorous scene while Delahaye was speaking. Deputies charged each other in express terms with desire to protect the guilty. One speaker claimed that he could point out men in the chamber who had stared in the spoils. A dozen deputies rose in an excited manner

to ask whom he meant.

The answer was lost in the confusion.

Members shook fists in each other's faces, and several tried to climb the tribune at once. The president's rap for order was unheaded. The melee was disgrace-ful.

ful.

Deputies called each other thieves, and followed the insulting words with a challenge to the death. No less than three challenges were given for duels. M. Alexis Deleuney, moderate Republican and deputy for Beauvais, challenged. Antonine Germain, deputy for Trevoux, and member of the Left Centre. Boissy D'Anglas, member from Ardeche, challenged M. Delahaye, and Paul Deroulede, the noted Boulangist, challenged M. Hubbard, anti-Boulangist.

It was a bitter struggle, and the first real signal demonstration of the Bou-langists since the downfall of their party. It was useless for the Government to oppose the onset, and so the ministry yielded by consenting to the appointment of a Parliamentary commission to inquire into the charges of corruption in connection with the Panama Canal. The commission is to be named to-morrow, and will begin the inquiry forthwith. It is rumored that gigantic scandals will be unearthed, and that other suicides may be looked for besides that of the wealthy Baron De Reinach, who was one of the men deeply involved in the alleged scandals.

THE TERMINAL TANGLE.

Receiver Oakman Authorized to Secure the Cancellation of a Contract.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 21 .- United States Judge Bond signed an order to-day authorizing Mr. Walter G. Oakman, receiver of the Richmond and West Point Terminal Company, to institute proceedings to secure the cancellation of a contract, by which the Terminal Company purchased \$12,000,000 of the capital stock and \$3,555,000 of the collateral trust bonds of \$3,555,000 of the collateral trust boards of the Georgia Company. Mr. Oakman is also authorized to institute suits to re-cover money the Terminal Company is alleged to have lost in the transaction. alleged to have lost in the transaction. The order is similar to one previously passed in New York. The stock and bonds in question have been deposited with the Central Trust Company of New York as part security for the issue of \$11,500,000 5 per cent bonds by the Terminal Company. The petition alleged that the Terminal Company paid over \$7,000,000 for the securities of the Georgia Company and that at the time of the purchase they were worth only half that

It is also alleged that the purchase was made from a syrdicate composed in large part of the directors and officers of the Terminal Company, at least three of its directors being interested in the syndicate. This syndicate, it is further alleged, had but a short time previously purchased the securities at about half the price received from the Terminal, and in the transaction the Terminal Comand in the transaction the Ferminat Company was represented by directors and officers who were themselves selling to the company as members of the syndicate. The petition declares that the sale is voidable at the option of the Terminal Company, and that the directors in questions are solled when to account for tion may be called upon to account for their profits and make good the loss suf-

fered by the company. THE PACIFIC ROADS.

Propriety of Enacting Into Law the Senate

Bill for Refunding This Indebtedness. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 21.-H. A. Taylor, commissioner of railroads, has submitted a special report to the Secretary of the Interior in reply to a letter from Senator Frye, chairman of the select com-mittee on Pacific railroads, requesting his views in regard to enacting into law the Senate bill for refunding the indebtedness

of the Pacific roads. The roads in aid of whose construction the Government issued bonds were the Union Pacific railroad, the Kansas Pacific railroad, Central Branch Union Pacific railroad, these three lines now being a part of the Union Pacific system.

The Central Pacific railroad, the Western Pacific railroad, these two lines now consolidated and forming a part of the Central Pacific railroad and the Sioux City and Pacific railroad. The total amount due United States December 31, 1891, on bonds thus issued was: From the Union \$55,500,458; from the Central Pa-

cific, \$55,089,112. The commissioner says that he does not believe uny measures fixing a shorter period of payment or a higher rate of interest than that provided in the Senate bill will be accepted by the railway companies. He had interviews with the chief owners and officials of the Union and Central Pacific roads, who earnestly declared that they would agree to any conditions with which the rescurces of their companies would en-

able them to comply.

DAWN OF A NEW ERA. Daylight of Liberalism in Education

Breaking in the Roman Church. BALTIMORE, MD., Nov. 21 .- The full developments of the meeting of the Archbishops in New York last week are

bishops in New York last week are anxiously awaited here.

The friends of Archbishop Ireland believe the dawn of a new era in the history of the Catholic Church in the United States is at hand, and already they see the daylight of liberalism in education breaking over the hill tops of ultrareligious objection.

The short report is regarded as an indersement of the progressive policy in educational matters advanced by the liberal Catholic party, led by Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Ireland.

News of the Navy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 21.—The Monogaheia, the naval training ship, left Newport, R. I., to-day on her winter practice cruise in European waters. RANGE OF THERMOMETER. Range of the thermometer at THE TIMES office, vesterday, November 21, 1892; 9 A. M., 46; 12 M., 59; 3 P. M., 60; 6 P. M., 55; 9 P. M., 52; midnight, 46. Average, 53.

WEATHER FORECAST.

WASHINGTON, D. D., Nov. 22...Forecast for Virginia. North and South Carolina: Fatt till Wednesday night; decidedly colder, north-west gales.